



# JENN

Training and Consultancy

The path to enlightened education

**SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS**

**CONTENT: FINANCE, GROWTH AND DECAY**

Solutions Manual

**FINANCE, GROWTH AND  
DECAY**

## QUESTION 1

1.1  $i_{\text{eff}} = \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{12} - 1$

$$\therefore i_{\text{eff}} = 0,1607545177$$

1.2  $A = 65000(1 + i_{\text{eff}})^3$

$$\therefore A = R101\,656,35$$

Alternatively:

$$A = 65000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{36}$$

$$\therefore A = R101\,656,35$$

1.3  $A = 65000(1 + i_{\text{eff}})^3 + 10000(1 + i_{\text{eff}})^2$

$$\therefore A = R115\,129,86$$

Alternatively:

$$A = 65000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{36} + 10000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{24}$$

$$\therefore A = R115\,129,86$$

or

$$A = \left[ 65000(1 + i_{\text{eff}})^1 + 10000 \right] (1 + i_{\text{eff}})^2$$

$$\therefore A = R115\,129,86$$

or

$$A = \left[ 65000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{12} + 10000 \right] \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{24}$$

$$\therefore A = R115\,129,86$$

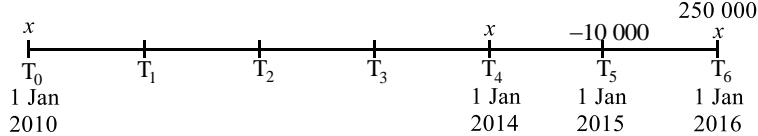
## QUESTION 2

2.1  $3\,200 = P(1 - 0,12 \times 7)$

$$\therefore 3\,200 = P(0,16)$$

$$P = R20\,000$$

2.2.1



2.2.2  $i = \frac{0,06}{4} = 0,015$

$$250\,000 = x(1,015)^{24} + x(1,015)^8 - 10\,000(1,015)^4 + x$$

$$\therefore x = R73\,288,52$$

## QUESTION 3

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.1 \quad A &= P(1+i)^n \\
 23000 &= 1570(1.12)^n \\
 (1.12)^n &= 14,64968153.. \\
 n \log(1.12) &= \log 14,64968153.. \\
 n &= 23,69 \text{ years} \quad (23,68701...) \\
 &\text{or } n = 24 \text{ years} \\
 &\text{or } n = 23 \text{ years 8 months} \\
 &\text{or } n = 23,7 \text{ years}
 \end{aligned}$$

**OR**

$$A = P(1 + i)^n$$

$$23000 = 1570 \left(1 + \frac{12}{100}\right)^n$$

$$(1.12)^n = 14,64968153..$$

$$n \log(1.12) = \log 14,64968153..$$

$n = 23,69$  years  $(23,68701...)$

or  $n = 24$  years

or  $n = 23$  years 8 months

or  $n = 23,7$  years

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.2.1 \quad A &= P(1+i)^n \\
 &= 800000(1.08)^5 \\
 &= R1175462,46 \\
 \therefore R1175462,46 - R200\,000 \\
 &= R975462,46 \\
 \text{Some calculators give R } 975\,462,50
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.2.2 \quad F = \frac{x[(1+i)^n - 1]}{i}$$

$$975462,46 = x \frac{[1,01]^{60} - 1}{0,01}$$

$$\frac{975462,46 \times 0,01}{[1,01]^{60} - 1} = x$$

$$x = R\ 11944,00$$

OR

$$975462,46 = x \frac{[1,01]^{60} - 1}{0,01}$$

$$975462,46 = 81,66966986x$$

$$x = R\,11944,00$$

3.2.3

$$\begin{aligned}Service &= [5000(1,01)^{48} + 5000(1,01)^{36} + 5000(1,01)^{24} + 5000(1,01)^{12} + 5000] \\&= 32197,77\end{aligned}$$

$$975462,46 = x \frac{[1,01]^{60} - 1}{0,01} - Service$$

$$975462,46 = 81,66966986x - 32197,77$$

$$x = R 12338,24$$

**OR**

$$\begin{aligned}Service &= \frac{5000[1,01^{60} - 1]}{1,01^{12} - 1} \\&= 32197,77\end{aligned}$$

$$975462,46 = x \frac{[1,01]^{60} - 1}{0,01} - Service$$

$$975462,46 = 81,66966986x - 32197,77$$

$$x = R 12338,24$$

**OR**

Present Value payment of R 5000

$$= 5000 \left\{ (1,01)^{-12} + (1,01)^{-24} + (1,01)^{-36} + (1,01)^{-48} + (1,01)^{-60} \right\}$$

$$= 5000(1,01)^{-12} \left\{ \frac{1 - (1,01)^{-60}}{1 - (1,01)^{-12}} \right\}$$

$$= R 17 723,25$$

Present Value of the sinking fund

$$= 975462,46(1,01)^{-60}$$

$$= R 536 942,94$$

Total Value of sinking fund

$$= R 17 723,25 + R 536 942,94$$

$$= R 554 666,19$$

$$\therefore 554666,19 = x \left\{ \frac{1 - (1,01)^{-60}}{0,01} \right\}$$

$$x = R 12 338,24$$

**OR**

$$(1 + i_{eff}) = (1 + 0,01)^{12}$$

$$i_{eff} = 0,12682503.....$$

$$P(1 + i)^n$$

$$= 5000 \frac{(1,12682503)^5 - 1}{0,12682503}$$

$$= 32197,77$$

$$975462,46 = x \frac{[1,01]^{60} - 1}{0,01} - 32197,77$$

$$975462,46 = 81,66966986x - 32197,77$$

$$x = R 12338,24$$

**OR**

$$5000 = \frac{x[(1,01)^{12} - 1]}{0,01}$$

$$x = \frac{5000 \times 0,01}{1,01^{12} - 1}$$

$$x = 394,24$$

So monthly deposit must be increased by R 394,24

New monthly deposit

$$= R 11 944 + R 394,24$$

$$= R 12 338,24$$

## QUESTION 4

4.1 Depreciation value =  $7\ 200(1 - 0,25)^3$   
= R3 037,50

4.2.1  $300\ 000 = \frac{5\ 000[1 - (1,015)^{-n}]}{0,015}$   
 $4\ 500 = 5\ 000 - 5\ 000(1,015)^{-n}$   
 $5\ 000(1,015)^{-n} = 500$   
 $(1,015)^{-n} = 0,1$  or  $(1,015)^n = 10$   
 $-n = \frac{\log 0,1}{\log 1,015}$   
 $n = 154,65$   
Number of payments = 155

4.2.2 Balance outstanding

$$= 300\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{154} - \frac{5\ 000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{154} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,18}{12}}$$
$$= \text{R}3\ 230,50$$

4.2.3 Amount paid in last month

$$= 3\ 230,50 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)$$
$$= \text{R}3\ 278,96$$

4.2.4 Total repaid =  $(154 \times 5\ 000) + 3\ 278,96 = \text{R}773\ 278,96$

## QUESTION 5

5.1

$$2000 \left(1 + \frac{i}{12}\right)^{18} = 2860$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{i}{12}\right)^{18} = 1,43$$

$$1 + \frac{i}{12} = 1,020069541\dots$$

$$\frac{i}{12} = 0,020069541\dots$$

$$i = 0,24083\dots$$

$$i = 24,08\%$$

5.2

$$F_v = \frac{100 \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,08}{12}\right)^{12} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,08}{12}}$$

$$= R1\,244,99$$

The accumulated amount is less than R1 300 required to buy the bike. Farouk will not be able to buy the bike on 1 January 2009.

## QUESTION 6

6.1

$$\text{Loan} = 125000 - \frac{15}{100} \times 125000$$

$$\text{Loan} = R\,106\,250$$

OR

$$\text{Loan} = 0,85 \times 125\,000$$

$$\text{Loan} = R\,106\,250$$

6.2

$$106250 = x \left[ \frac{1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,125}{12}\right)^{-6 \times 12}}{\frac{0,125}{12}} \right]$$

$$1106,770833 = x \left( 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,125}{12}\right)^{-6 \times 12} \right)$$

$$x = R\,2104,94$$

## QUESTION 7

7.1 R450 000

7.2  $A = P(1 - i)^n$   
 $f(x) = 450000(1 - i)^x$

$$243\ 736,90 = 450000(1 - i)^4$$

$$i = 1 - \sqrt[4]{\frac{243\ 736,90}{450000}}$$

$$i = 0,1421$$

The rate of depreciation is 14,21% p.a.

7.3 At T :

$$A = P(1 + i)^n$$
$$g(x) = 450000(1 + i)^x$$

$$a = 450000(1 + 0,081)^4$$

$$= R614490,66$$

7.4 Future Value = R614 490,66 - R243 736,90  
= R370 753,76

Let  $x$  be the value of monthly payment

$$F_v = \frac{x[(1 + i)^n - 1]}{i}$$
$$370753,76 = \frac{x \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,062}{12}\right)^{36} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,062}{12}}$$

$$x = R9397,11$$

## QUESTION 8

8.1  $A = P(1+i)^n$

$$1711,41 = 1430,77 \left(1 + \frac{i}{12}\right)^{18}$$
$$\left(1 + \frac{i}{12}\right)^{18} = 1,196146131\dots \quad \text{OR} \quad \left[\frac{1711,41}{1430,77}\right]^{\frac{1}{18}} = 1,00999\dots$$
$$1 + \frac{i}{12} = 1,009999937\dots \quad \therefore i = 12(1,01 - 1) = 0,12$$
$$i = 0,1199992431\dots \quad = 12\%$$

Rate = 12,00% p.a. compounded monthly.

8.2.1

$$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1+i)^{-n}]}{i}$$
$$800000 = \frac{10000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{-n}\right]}{\frac{0,14}{12}}$$
$$1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{-n} = \frac{14}{15} \quad (= 0,933333)$$
$$\left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{-n} = \frac{1}{15} \quad (= 0,06666666)$$
$$\log\left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{-n} = \log\frac{1}{15}$$

$$-n \log\left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right) = \log\frac{1}{15} \quad \begin{cases} -n = \frac{\log\frac{1}{15}}{\log\left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)} \\ = -233,47 \end{cases}$$

$$n = 233,47$$

∴ the loan will be paid off at the end of the 234<sup>th</sup> month

**OR**

Balance outstanding after 233<sup>rd</sup> month

$$= 800000 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{233} - \frac{10000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{233} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,14}{12}}$$

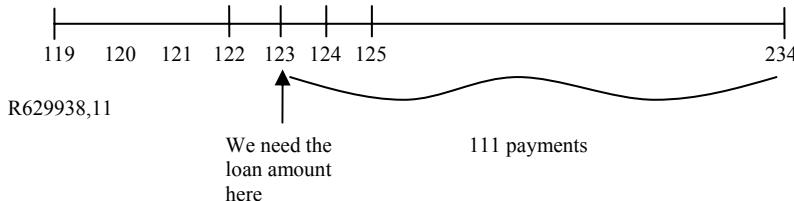
= R4 660,04 which is less than R10 000

Therefore the loan will be paid off after 234 months.

### 8.2.2 Balance Outstanding after 119 months

$$= 800000 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{119} - \frac{10000 \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{119} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,14}{12}}$$

$$= \text{R}629\,938,11$$



Total Payable at the end of the 123<sup>rd</sup> month

$$= 629\,938,11 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^4$$

$$= \text{R}659\,853,68$$

New instalment:

$$659\,853,68 = \frac{x \left[ 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{12}\right)^{-111} \right]}{\frac{0,14}{12}}$$

$$x = \text{R}10\,632,39$$

### QUESTION 9

$$9.1 \quad A = P(1 - i)^n$$

$$15000 = 24000(1 - 0,18)^n$$

$$0,625 = (0,82)^n$$

$$n = \frac{\log 0,625}{\log 0,82}$$

$$= 2,37 \text{ years}$$

### 9.2.1

$$130\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^2$$

$$= 130000(1,015)^2$$

$$= \text{R}133\,929,25$$

$$9.2.2(a) \quad 133929,25 = \frac{x[1 - (1,015)^{-54}]}{0,015}$$

$$2008,93875 = x[1 - (1,015)^{-54}]$$

$$x = \text{R } 3636,36$$

**OR**

$$133929,25 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} = \frac{x \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,18}{12}}$$

$$299255,2087 = 82,29517136...x$$

$$x = \text{R } 3636,36$$

**OR**

$$130000 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{56} = \frac{x \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,18}{12}}$$

$$299255,2087 = 82,29517136...x$$

$$x = \text{R } 3636,36$$

$$9.2.2(b) \quad \text{Total} = 3636,36 \times 54$$

$$= \text{R } 196\,363,66$$

$$9.2.3 \quad 130\,000 = \frac{x[1 - (1,015)^{-54}]}{0,015}$$

$$1950 = x[1 - (1,015)^{-54}]$$

$$x = \text{R } 3529,68$$

$$\text{Total payments} = \text{R } 3529,68 \times 54$$

$$= \text{R } 190\,602,72$$

**OR**

9.2.3

$$130\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} = \frac{x \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,18}{12}}$$

$$290475,5842 = 82,29517136...x$$

$$x = \text{R } 3529,68$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total payments} &= \text{R } 3529,68 \times 54 \\ &= \text{R } 190\ 602,72\end{aligned}$$

**OR**

$$130\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{55} = \frac{x \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right) \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,18}{12}\right)^{54} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,18}{12}}$$

$$290475,5842 = 82,29517136...x$$

$$x = \text{R } 3529,68$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total payments} &= \text{R } 3529,68 \times 54 \\ &= \text{R } 190\ 602,72\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}9.2.4 \quad \text{R}196\ 363,66 - \text{R}190\ 602,72 \\ = \text{R}5\ 760,96\end{aligned}$$

## QUESTION 10

$$10.1 \quad F = P(1 + i)^n$$

$$= 4\ 000\ 000(1 + 0,06)^3$$

$$= \text{R}4\ 764\ 064$$

10.21

$$4000000 = \frac{30000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,06}{12}}$$

$$\frac{4000000 \times \left( \frac{0,06}{12} \right)}{30000} = 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\log_{\left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)} \frac{1}{3} = -n$$

$$n = 220,27$$

Therefore she will make 220 withdrawals of R30 000.

OR

$$4000000 = \frac{30000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,06}{12}}$$

$$\frac{4000000 \times \left( \frac{0,06}{12} \right)}{30000} = 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\log \frac{1}{3} = -n \log \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)$$

$$n = 220,27$$

Therefore she will make 220 withdrawals of R30 000.

$$10.2.2 \quad 4\ 000\ 000 = \frac{20\ 000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,06}{12}}$$

$$0 = \left( 1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

She can make as many withdrawals as she pleases.

### QUESTION 11

$$\left( 1 + \frac{0,08}{12} \right)^{12} = \left( 1 + \frac{r}{2} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{r}{2} = 0,040672622$$

$$r = 8,13452446\%$$

$$r = 8,13\%$$

### QUESTION 12

$$12.1 \quad A = P(1+i)^n$$

$$2P = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{4} \right)^{6 \times 4}$$

$$2 = \left( 1 + \frac{r}{4} \right)^{24}$$

$$1 + \frac{r}{4} = 2^{\frac{1}{24}}$$

$$r = 4 \left( 2^{\frac{1}{24}} - 1 \right)$$

$$r = 4 \left( 2^{\frac{1}{24}} \right) - 4$$

$$r = 0,1172 \dots$$

rate = 11,72% p.a. compounded quarterly

$$12.2.1 \quad A = 10000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^5$$

$$= \text{R } 10\ 402,15$$

12.2.2

$$10402,15 = \frac{450 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$0,183000787 = 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^{-n}$$

$$\left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^{-n} = 0,816999213$$

$$\log \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^{-n} = \log 0,816999213$$

$$-n \log \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right) = \log 0,816999213 \dots$$

$$n = 25,63151282\dots$$

$$n = 25,63 \text{ months}$$

$$n = 26$$

Accept:  $n = 31$  (because of first 5 months)

**OR**

$$10402,15 \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^n = \frac{450 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^n - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$10402,15 \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^n = 56842,10526 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^n - 1 \right]$$

$$56842,10526 = 46439,95526 \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)^n$$

$$\log 1,223991387 = n \log \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)$$

$$n = \frac{\log 1,223991387}{\log \left( 1 + \frac{0,095}{12} \right)}$$

$$n = 25,63 \text{ months}$$

$$n = 26$$

Accept:  $n = 31$  (because of first 5 months)

12.2.3 Balance outstanding after 25 months

$$= 10402,15 \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{25} - \frac{450 \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{25} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$= R 282,36$$

**OR**

Balance Outstanding after 25 months

$$= 10000 \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{30} - \frac{450 \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{25} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$= R 282,36$$

**OR**

$$n = 25,6315128204.... - 25$$

$$= 0,6315128204 ...$$

Balance Outstanding after 25 months

$$= \frac{450 \left[ 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{-0,631512804} \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$= R 282,36$$

**OR**

Present value at beginning of 25 months

$$= 10402,15 - \frac{450 \left[ 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{-25} \right]}{\frac{0,095}{12}}$$

$$= R 231,84$$

Balance Outstanding

$$= 231,84 \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{25}$$

$$= R 282,36$$

## QUESTION 13

13.1

$$A = P(1 - i)^n$$

$$\frac{P}{2} = P(1 - 0,07)^n$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0,93^n$$

$$\log \frac{1}{2} = n \log 0,93$$

$$n = \frac{\log \frac{1}{2}}{\log 0,93}$$

$$= 9,55 \text{ years}$$

OR

$$A = P(1 - i)^n$$

$$\frac{P}{2} = P(1 - 0,07)^n$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0,93^n$$

$$\log_{0,93} \frac{1}{2} = n$$

$$n = 9,55 \text{ years}$$

13.2

**Radesh:**

$$A = P(1 + in)$$

$$= 6\ 000(1 + 0,085 \times 5)$$

$$= 8\ 550$$

OR

$$A = 6\ 000 + 8,5\% \text{ of } 6000 \times 5$$

$$= 6000 + 510 \times 5$$

$$= 6000 + 2550$$

$$= 8\ 550$$

$$\text{Bonus} = 0,05 \times 6\ 000$$

$$= 300$$

$$\text{Received} = 8\ 550 + 300$$

$$= \text{R}8\ 850$$

**Thandi:**

$$A = P(1 + i)^n$$

$$= 6\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,08}{4}\right)^{20}$$

$$= \text{R}8\ 915,68$$

Thandi's investment is bigger.

13.3

 $F_v = \text{initial deposit with interest} + \text{annuity}$ 

$$= 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{18} + 700 \left( \frac{\left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{18} - 1}{\frac{0,15}{12}} \right)$$

$$= 1250,58 + 14032,33$$

$$= \text{R}15\,282,91$$

**OR** $F_v = \text{initial deposit with interest} + \text{annuity}$ 

$$= 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{18} + 700 \left( \frac{1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{-18}}{\frac{0,15}{12}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{18}$$

$$= 1250,58 + 11220,68 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12}\right)^{18}$$

$$= 1250,58 + 14032,33$$

$$= \text{R}15\,282,91$$

**QUESTION 14**

14.1

Term	Income	Expenses	Savings
1	120 000	90 000	30 000
2	132 000	105 000	27 000
3	144 000	120 000	24 000

$$30\,000 + 27\,000 + 24\,000 + \dots + 0.$$

14.2

 $\text{Savings} = \text{Income} - \text{Expenses}$  $\text{Income in year } n = 120\,000 + 12\,000(n - 1)$  $\text{Expenses in year } n = 90\,000 + 15\,000(n - 1)$ 

$$120000 + 12000(n - 1) = 90000 + 15000(n - 1)$$

$$30000 + 12000n - 12000 = 15000n - 15000$$

$$33000 = 3000n$$

$$n = 11$$

 $\therefore$  After 11 years.**OR**

$$a = 30\ 000 \quad d = -3000$$

$$T_n = 30000 + (n-1)(-3000)$$

$$0 = 30000 - 3000n + 3000$$

$$3000n = 33000$$

$$\therefore n = 11$$

$\therefore$  After 11 years

$$14.3 \quad 120000 + 12000(25-1) = 90000 + x(25-1)$$

$$x = 13250$$

### QUESTION/VRAAG 15

15.1

$$1 + i_{eff} = \left(1 + \frac{i_{nom}}{m}\right)^m$$

$$1 + i_{eff} = \left(1 + \frac{0,07}{12}\right)^{12}$$

$$i_{eff} = 0,07229008$$

$$i_{eff} = 7,23\%$$

15.2

$$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1+i)^{-n}]}{i}$$
$$350\ 000 = \frac{6300[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,07}{12}\right)^{-n}]}{\frac{0,07}{12}}$$

$$\frac{73}{108} = \left(1 + \frac{0,07}{12}\right)^{-n}$$

$$\log \frac{73}{108} = -n \log \left(1 + \frac{0,07}{12}\right)$$

$$n = 67,33938079$$

$$n = 67,34 \text{ months}$$

15.3

$$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1+i)^{-n}]}{i}(1+i)$$

$$P_v = \frac{6\ 300[1 - (1 + \frac{0,07}{12})^{-0,3393...}]}{\frac{0,07}{12}} \left(1 + \frac{0,07}{12}\right)$$

$$P_v = R\ 2\ 142,21$$

## OR

Balance outstanding:

$$= \left[ 350\ 000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,07}{12} \right)^{67} - \frac{6\ 300 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,07}{12} \right)^{67} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,07}{12}} \right] \left( 1 + \frac{0,07}{12} \right)$$
$$= \text{R } 2\ 142,21$$

$$15.4 \quad 252\ 000 = 350\ 000(1-i)^3$$

$$(1-i)^3 = \frac{252\ 000}{350\ 000}$$

$$i = 1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{252}{350}}$$

$$i = 10,37\%$$

## QUESTION 16

$$16.1 \quad S = 450\ 000(1-0,20)^5 = \text{R } 147\ 456$$

$$16.2 \quad A = 450\ 000(1+0,12)^5 = \text{R } 793\ 053,76$$

$$16.3 \quad 793\ 053,76 = \frac{x \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,13}{12} \right)^{61} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,13}{12}}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R } 9\ 242,69$$

## QUESTION 17

$$17.1 \quad B = 1\ 275\ 000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,092}{12} \right)^{84} - \frac{11\ 636,02 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,092}{12} \right)^{84} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,092}{12}}$$
$$= \text{R } 1\ 056\ 675,39$$

or

$$B = \frac{11\ 636,02 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,092}{12} \right)^{-156} \right]}{\frac{0,092}{12}}$$
$$= \text{R } 1\ 056\ 676,21$$

17.2

$$1\ 056\ 675,39 \left(1 + \frac{0,092}{12}\right)^5 = \frac{x \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,092}{12}\right)^{-151}\right]}{\frac{0,092}{12}}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R}12\ 297,82$$

**QUESTION 18**

18.1  $3\ 488,45 = P(1 - 0,13)^5$

$$\therefore P = \text{R}6\ 999$$

18.2 Working to  $T_0$ :

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 80\ 312,55 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^{-20} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0,12}{12}\right)^{-24} \\ &\quad - 10\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^{-12} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0,12}{12}\right)^{-24} \\ &= \text{R}26\ 576,04 \end{aligned}$$

Working to  $T_2$ :

$$\begin{aligned} x \left(1 + \frac{0,12}{12}\right)^{24} &= 80\ 312,55 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^{-20} \\ &\quad - 10\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^{-12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R}26\ 576,04$$

Working to  $T_7$ :

$$\begin{aligned} x \left(1 + \frac{0,12}{12}\right)^{24} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^{20} &= 80\ 312,55 \\ &\quad - 10\ 000 \left(1 + \frac{0,14}{4}\right)^8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R}26\ 576,04$$

18.3

$$x = 2x(1 - 0,08)^n$$

$$\therefore 0,5 = (0,92)^n$$

$$\therefore \log_{0,92} 0,5 = n$$

$$\therefore n = 8,31$$

**QUESTION 19**

19.1.1

$$500\ 000 = \frac{x \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{12} \right)^{-240} \right]}{\frac{0,12}{12}}$$

$$x = \text{R}5\ 505,43$$

19.1.2

$$B_{10} = \frac{5\ 505,430\ 668 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{12} \right)^{-230} \right]}{\frac{0,12}{12}}$$

$$= \text{R}494\ 712,08$$

Alternatively:

$$B_{10} = 500\ 000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{12} \right)^{10} - \frac{5\ 505,430\ 668 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{12} \right)^{10} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,12}{12}}$$

$$= \text{R}494\ 712,08$$

19.1.3

$$500\ 000 = \frac{6\ 000 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,12}{12}}$$

$$n = 180,0703409$$

It will take Mary 181 months to pay off the loan (180 payments of R6 000 and a smaller final payment).

19.1.4 Jeremy's total payments:

$$5\ 505,43 \times 240 = \text{R}1\ 321\ 303,20$$

$$\text{Interest paid: } 1\ 321\ 303,20 - 500\ 000 = \text{R}821\ 303$$

Mary's total payments:

$$6\ 000 \times 180 = 1\ 080\ 000 \text{ plus one smaller payment.}$$

$$\text{Interest paid: } 1\ 080\ 000 - 500\ 000 = \text{R}580\ 000$$

Therefore, Jeremy paid more interest.

19.2

$$614\ 490,66 = \frac{x \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,062}{12} \right)^{49} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,062}{12}}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R}11\ 052,30$$

**QUESTION 20**

$$20.1 \quad 150\ 000 = 210\ 000(1 - 0,165)^n$$

$$\therefore \frac{150\ 000}{210\ 000} = (0,835)^n$$

$$\therefore \frac{5}{7} = (0,835)^n$$

$$\therefore \log_{0,835} \left( \frac{5}{7} \right) = n$$

$$\therefore n = 1,865\dots$$

$$\therefore n = 2 \text{ years}$$

20.2

$$350\ 000 = \frac{x \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,12}{2} \right)^{11} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,12}{2}}$$

$$\therefore x = \text{R}23\ 377,53$$

20.3.1 Deposit is R45 000.

Loan is R405 000.

20.3.2

$$405\ 000 = \frac{x \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,08}{12} \right)^{-240} \right]}{\frac{0,08}{12}}$$

$$x = \text{R}3\ 387,58$$

20.3.3

$$B_{17} = 405\ 000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,08}{12} \right)^{204} - \frac{3\ 387,58 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{0,08}{12} \right)^{204} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,08}{12}}$$

$$= \text{R}108\ 104,85$$

OR

$$B_{17} = \frac{3\ 387,58 \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{0,08}{12} \right)^{-36} \right]}{\frac{0,08}{12}}$$

$$= \text{R}108\ 103,79$$

Note:

If  $x = 3\ 387,582279$  is used, then both methods will yield an answer of R108 103,87.